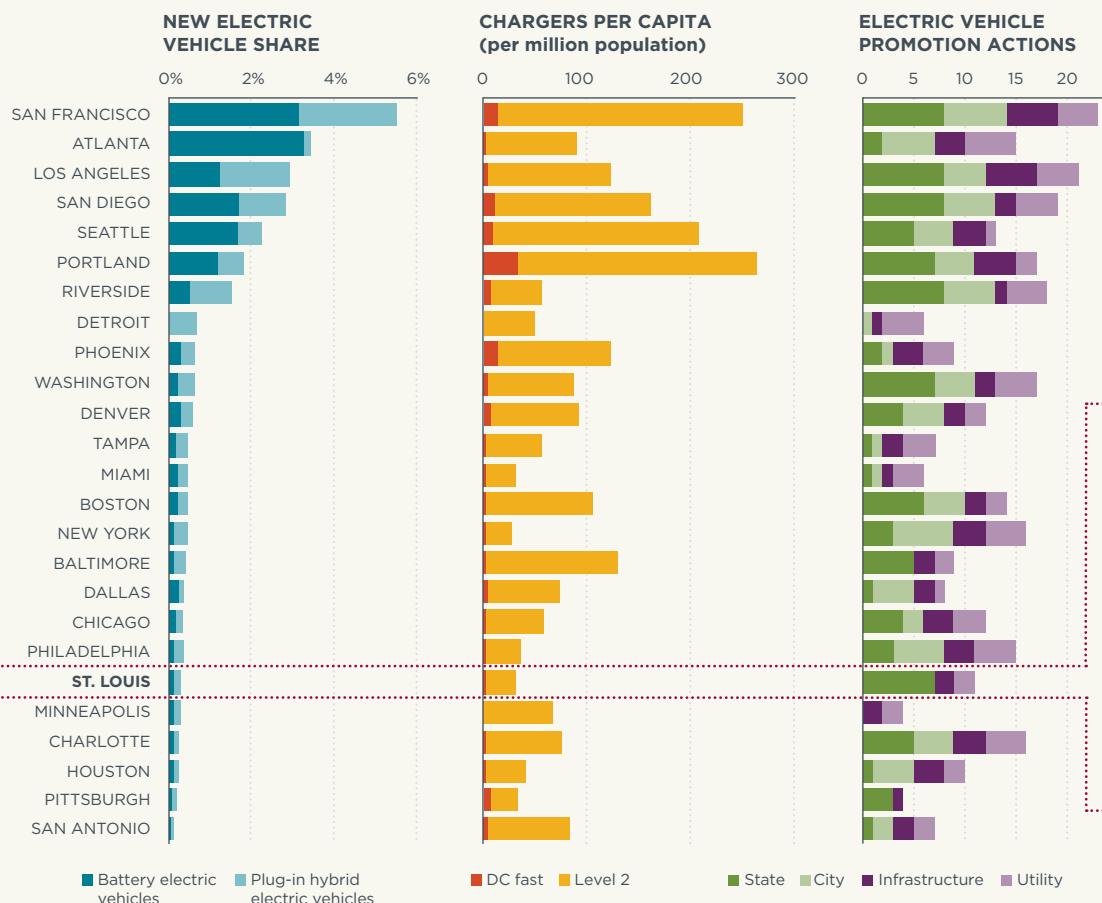
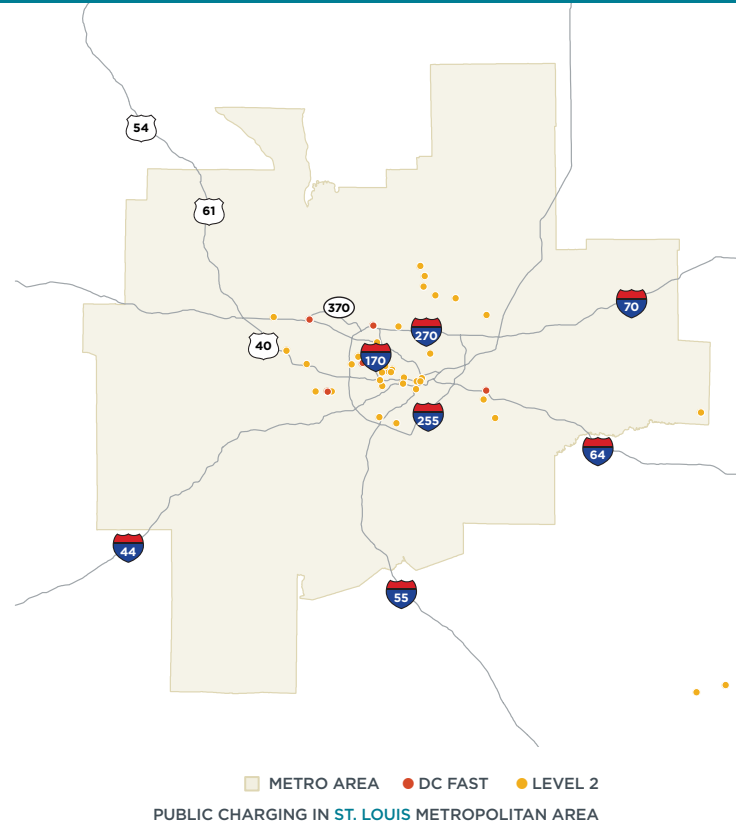


ST. LOUIS

St. Louis, Missouri, has a below-average number of electric vehicle promotion actions, and both infrastructure development and electric vehicle uptake in the area lag other major U.S. metropolitan areas. Electric vehicle owners benefit from a **tax incentive on home charging station installations, city-owned charging infrastructure, and emissions testing exemptions.**

Sales of electric vehicles in the St. Louis area fall well below the national average. Public charging infrastructure is sparse. To spur the market, St. Louis should consider **expanding charging infrastructure** (public DC fast, multi-unit dwelling, and workplace) as well as **adopting a greater number of key promotion actions**, especially at the **city and utility level**. In addition, relatively few electric vehicle models are offered for sale in the area, suggesting that **greater efforts to engage dealers and automakers, and to raise public awareness, are needed.**



ST. LOUIS:

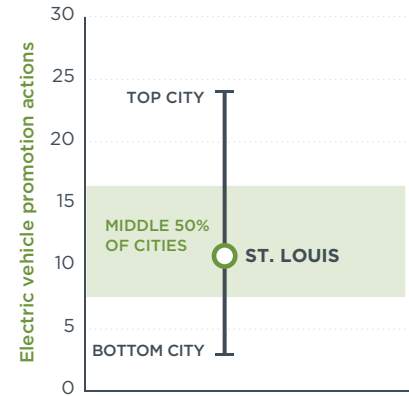
- » **20th highest** new electric-vehicle sales share
- » **23rd most extensive** public electric charging infrastructure
- » **11 of the 30** electric-vehicle promotion actions

ACHIEVEMENTS

- » Home charger installation incentive
- » Installation of city-owned public chargers
- » EV emissions testing exemptions

OPPORTUNITIES

- » Work to implement state and/or city purchase subsidy
- » Extend, expand, and increase awareness about consumer incentives
- » Consider adopting more key EV promotion actions to attract a greater assortment of consumers
- » Work with dealers and automakers to make EVs more available and increase awareness



WHAT **ST. LOUIS** IS DOING TO PROMOTE ELECTRIC VEHICLES

	STATE		CITY		UTILITY
Policy Foundation	State ZEV Program	<input type="radio"/>	City EV strategy	<input type="radio"/>	
	State low carbon fuel policy	<input type="radio"/>	Streamlined EVSE permitting process	<input type="radio"/>	
			EV-ready building codes	<input type="radio"/>	
Consumer Benefits	State BEV purchase subsidy	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City vehicle purchase subsidy	<input type="radio"/>	Utility charging pilot or other research <input type="radio"/>
	State PHEV purchase subsidy	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City parking support	<input type="radio"/>	Utility preferential rates for charging <input type="radio"/>
	State fee reduction or testing exemption	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City EV supply equipment financing	<input type="radio"/>	Utility home charger support <input type="radio"/>
	State home charger incentive, support	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City carpool lane (HOV) access	<input type="radio"/>	
	State public charging	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City-owned EV chargers	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
	State parking benefit	<input type="radio"/>	US DOE EV Project key area	<input type="radio"/>	
Visibility and Outreach	State fleet purchasing incentive	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Workplace charging partners	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Utility website, information materials <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	State manufacturing incentive	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City car sharing program link	<input type="radio"/>	Utility cost comparison tool <input type="radio"/>
			City website or info materials	<input type="radio"/>	Other utility outreach activity <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
			City outreach or education events	<input type="radio"/>	
			City fleet purchasing	<input type="radio"/>	

WHAT CAN BE DONE TO BETTER PROMOTE ELECTRIC VEHICLES? EVERYONE HAS A ROLE...

STATES Lock in electric vehicle support policies for several years into the future

CITIES AND REGIONAL GROUPS Optimize infrastructure roll-out; create dedicated EV parking; adopt EVs in fleets

LOCAL BUSINESSES Install workplace-charging equipment; encourage employees to drive EVs to work

AUTOMAKERS Make more models more widely available; enhance marketing outreach, and education

CAR DEALERS Promote electric vehicle models; help consumers understand total cost of ownership and education on charger availability

UTILITIES Continue to inform potential EV consumers of benefits; promote low-cost off-peak charging

CONSUMERS Test drive new electric vehicle models; calculate the potential fuel savings

EV = Electric Vehicle; BEV = Battery Electric Vehicle; PHEV = Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicle; EVSE = Electric Vehicle Service Equipment; DC = Direct Current
 Based on "Assessment of leading electric vehicle promotion activities in US cities," available at <http://theicct.org/leading-us-city-electric-vehicle-activities>.
Note on sources: Vehicle share data based on IHS Automotive 2014 registrations. Electric charger data is from the US DOE Alternative Fuel Data Center.
 The U.S. City Electric Vehicle Profile Project is an initiative of the 11th Hour Project, sponsored by the Schmidt Family Foundation.
 Collaborators include the C40 Cities Climate Leadership Group and the Center for Climate and Energy Solutions.

